IAFSS Working Group on Measurement and Computation of Fire Phenomena (*MaCFP*)

Call for Participation – January 28, 2016

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The MaCFP Working Group

• A new initiative endorsed by the International Association for Fire Safety Science (IAFSS, <u>http://www.iafss.org</u>)

Motivation

- Fire modeling community (modelers and experimentalists) is small, fragmented, geographically dispersed, without a history of well-defined standards and without a consensus on well-defined objectives
- There is a need for a coordinated effort to organize and strengthen the fire modeling community

General objective

• A joint effort between experimentalists and modelers to develop a fundamental understanding of fire phenomena and to establish a common framework for fire modeling research

Format

• A regular series of workshops, with a first workshop organized as a pre-event to the 12th IAFSS Symposium in Lund (June 2017) and subsequent workshops held every two years

Brief history

- Pre-Symposium workshop "Benchmarking/Data Sharing" at the 11th IAFSS Symposium in Christchurch (February 2014)
- Task group
 - A. Brown, S. Dorofeev, G. Jomaas, R. McDermott, B. Merci (co-Chair), V. Raman, A. Simeoni, J. Torero, A. Trouvé (co-Chair), P. van Hees, Y. Wang
 - ➢ White paper
 - Endorsement of IAFSS (March 2015)
- Planning meeting (May 2015)

List of target experiments for first MaCFP Workshop (June 2017)

Organizing Committee

Specific objectives/deliverables

- Develop a digital archive of well-documented target fire experiments that can be used for CFD model validation
- Develop a digital archive of corresponding well-documented CFD-based numerical simulations
- Develop protocols for detailed comparisons between computational results and experimental measurements
- Identify key research topics and knowledge gaps in computational and experimental fire research
- Develop best practices in both computational and experimental fire research (*e.g.*, quality control, UQ)
- Establish a network between fire researchers and provide a community-wide forum for discussion

First workshop

- Proposed dates: June 10-11 2017 (TBC)
- Organizing Committee
 - A. Brown, M. Gollner, J. Hewson, A. Marshall, R. McDermott, B. Merci (*co-Chair*), J. Torero (*co-Chair*), A. Trouvé (*co-Chair*), Y. Wang, B. Weckman
- Website: <u>http://www.iafss.org/macfp/</u>

- ✓ Basic configurations (building blocks) with carefully-controlled conditions and quality instrumentation; and with available databases
- ✓ Initial choices: simple flames (in most cases, with no/little soot); with gaseous/liquid fuel (no solid fuel); and with open burn conditions (no compartment)
- *Category* 1: Turbulent buoyant plumes
- *Category* 2: Turbulent pool fires with gaseous fuel
- *Category* 3: Turbulent pool fires with liquid fuel
- *Category* 4: Turbulent wall fires
- *Category* 5: Flame extinction



- *Category* 1: Turbulent buoyant plumes
 - ➢ O'Hern, Weckman, Gerhart, Tieszen, Schefer, J. Fluid Mech., 544 (2005) 143-171
 - *Configuration*: large (1-m diameter) helium plume
 - *Features*: Rayleigh-Taylor instabilities at both large-scales (puffing motion) and small-scales (bubble and spike structures)
 - Data: measurements of flow velocity (PIV) and helium mass fraction (PLIF) with both first- and second-order statistical moments



- *Category* 2: Turbulent pool fires with gaseous fuel (and prescribed fuel flow rate)
 - Tieszen, O'Hern, Schefer, Weckman, Blanchat, Combust. Flame, 129 (2002) 378-391
 - Tieszen, O'Hern, Weckman, Schefer, Combust. Flame, 139 (2004) 126-141
 - *Configuration*: large (1-m diameter) methane- or hydrogen-air flame
 - *Features*: Rayleigh-Taylor instabilities at large-scales (puffing motion)
 - *Data*: measurements of flow velocity (PIV) with both first- and second-order statistical moments. Data are limited to the flame base region (below 0.8 m elevation).



- List of target experiments:
 - *Category* 3: Turbulent pool fires with liquid fuel (and thermal-feedback-driven fuel flow rate)
 - > Weckman, Strong, *Combust. Flame*, **105** (1996) 245-266
 - *Configuration*: medium-scale (31-cm diameter) methanol- or acetone-air (unpublished) flame
 - *Data*: simultaneous measurements of flow velocity (LDV) and temperature (fine wire thermocouples) with first- and secondorder statistical moments

- Category 4: Turbulent wall fires
 - de Ris, Markstein, Orloff, Beaulieu, Factory Mutual Research Tech. Report J.I. 0D0J9.MT (1999)
 - de Ris, Markstein, Orloff, Beaulieu, Fire Safety Science Proc. Seventh Intl. Symposium, IAFSS, (2002) 259-270
 - *Configuration*: large (meter-scale) turbulent vertical wall flames in configurations with a prescribed gaseous fuel flow rate; different fuels (methane, ethane, ethylene, propylene) and different fuel flow rates
 - *Data*: measurements of the total wall heat flux and temperature (thermocouples). For some cases, the experimental database also includes measurements of the flow velocity (LDV)





- Category 5: Flame extinction
 - ➢ White, Link, Trouvé, Sunderland, Marshall, Sheffel, Corn, Colket, Chaos, Yu, *Fire Safety J.*, **76** (2015) 74-84
 - *Configuration*: medium-scale methane- or propaneair flames (Wolfhard-Parker slot burner); prescribed co-flow of variable oxygen strength (mixture of air and nitrogen)
 - Features: oxygen extinction limit
 - *Data*: measurements of the global radiative loss fraction (single-point heat flux sensor combined with a weighted multipoint radiation source model), the global combustion efficiency (O_2 and CO_2 calorimetry), temperature (micro-thermocouples)



Repository

- Hosted on GitHub (<u>https://github.com/MaCFP</u>)
- Descriptions of each selected target experiment
- Electronic copies of experimental data organized in simple comma-delimited ASCII files
- Protocols to perform comparisons between experimental data and simulation results based on (provided) MATLAB-based post-processing tools
- Electronic copies of computational results submitted by researchers, also organized in simple comma-delimited ASCII files

Call for Participation

- Invitation to the members of the entire fire research community to participate in the first MaCFP workshop
- You can participate in one or both of the following ways:
 - From now until June 2017: participate in the planning of the workshop by interacting with the organizing committee and generating/contributing simulation results to be discussed at the workshop (<u>http://www.iafss.org/macfp/</u>)

> June 10-11, 2017: attend and participate in the workshop

• Additional issues (to be discussed at the first workshop)

Composition of the MaCFP Working Group

> Selection of new target experiments for the 2nd workshop